

EPO/ Epoetin (C-6His), Human, Recombinant

货号 : PCK089

产品信息

别名	Erythropoietin; Epoetin; EPO
物种	Human
表达宿主	Human Cells
序列信息	Ala28-Arg193
检索号	P01588
分子量	19.2 kDa
生物活性	Measured in a cell proliferation assay using TF-1 human erythroleukemic cells. The ED50 for this effect is 80-250 pg/ml.

产品特性

纯度	>95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
内毒素	<1.0 EU per μg as determined by LAL test.
保存	Lyophilized protein should be stored at $-5\sim-20^{\circ}\text{C}$, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at $-5\sim-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 3 months.
运输	Ambient temperature or ice pack.
制剂	Lyophilized from a $0.2\ \mu\text{m}$ filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.



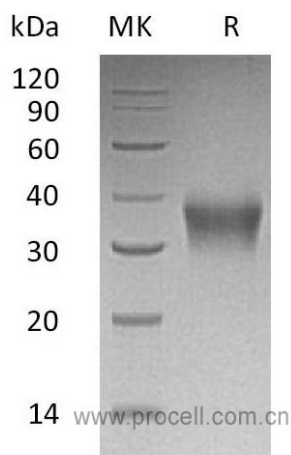
复融

Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

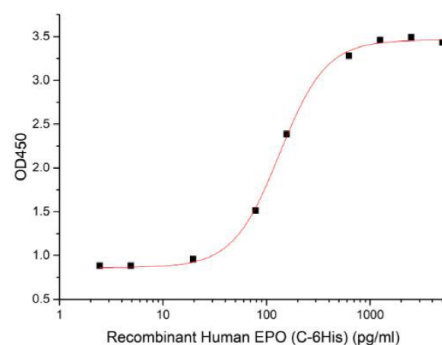
背景介绍

Erythropoietin (EPO) is a glyco Protein hormone that is principally known for its role in erythropoiesis, where it is responsible for stimulating proliferation and differentiation of erythroid progenitor cells. Erythropoietin is a member of the EPO/ TPO family. It is a secreted, glycosylated Cytokine composed of four alpha helical bundles. The differentiation of CFU-E (Colony Forming Unit-Erythroid) cells into erythrocytes can only be accomplished in the presence of EPO. Physiological levels of EPO in adult mammals are maintained primarily by the kidneys, whereas levels in fetal or neonatal mammals are maintained by the liver. EPO also can exert various non-hematopoietic activities, including vascularization and proliferation of smooth muscle, neural protection during hypoxia, and stimulation of certain B cells. Genetic variation in erythropoietin is associated with susceptibility to microvascular complications of diabetes type 2. These are pathological conditions that develop in numerous tissues and organs as a consequence of diabetes mellitus. They include diabetic retinopathy, diabetic nephropathy leading to end-stage renal disease, and diabetic neuropathy.

SDS-PAGE



生物活性



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